

MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING SPRING 2025 SEMINAR SERIES



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Friday, April 18, 2025, 11:45am – 12:45pm

Location: W122 Engineering 2

Nanoscale Innovations for Organic Solar Cells and Multifunctional Materials: From Aesthetic Photovoltaics to Light-Driven Batteries and Sustainable Desalination

The strategic design and integration of nanostructured materials are revolutionizing renewable energy and sustainability technologies. This work presents breakthrough advances across four interconnected domains: aesthetic photovoltaics, underwater solar harvesting, photo-enhanced energy storage, and electrochemical desalination. We demonstrate a new paradigm in building-integrated photovoltaics through color-tunable polymer solar cells that incorporate strategically designed energy transfer dye molecules within non-fullerene polymer systems. These devices achieve both aesthetic appeal and high performance, expanding solar adoption possibilities. Through innovative tape-stripping fabrication, we develop extraordinarily durable solar cells capable of underwater operation without encapsulation, maintaining remarkable efficiencies of 55% in shallow waters and exceeding 65% in deep waters, with sustained power densities above 5 mW cm^{-2} . Advancing materials processing, we pioneer a UV light-assisted CO_2 doping technique for perovskite solar cells that enhances conductivity by two orders of magnitude compared to pristine films. This rapid, reproducible method represents a significant breakthrough in scalable perovskite device fabrication. In the realm of energy storage, we reveal how strategic light integration can dramatically enhance battery performance. Our studies of photo-accelerated charging in LiMn_2O_4 cathodes and $\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$ anodes demonstrate significantly improved delithiation kinetics under white light illumination without requiring complex nanostructuring. Through systematic wavelength-dependent studies using LED illumination, we uncover the fundamental mechanism: photo-induced electron-hole pair generation in wide-bandgap materials drives enhanced electrochemical reactions. Furthermore, we present an innovative redox flow desalination system that synergistically combines water purification with energy storage capabilities. This dual-function system effectively captures excess renewable energy during off-peak periods, enabling sustainable water treatment while providing grid-scale energy storage solutions. These advances demonstrate how architectural control at the nanoscale can address critical sustainability challenges, laying the foundation for next-generation energy and environmental technologies.

Bio: Prof. André D. Taylor is a Professor in the Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department at New York University, where he leads the Transformative Materials and Devices Group ([TMD Lab](#)). His research focuses on the synthesis and integration of nanomaterials into devices such as fuel cells, lithium-ion batteries, and solar cells.